

European momentum for ICV

5TH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON TECHNOLOGIES, STANDARDS
AND REGULATIONS FOR INTELLIGENT AND CONNECTED VEHICLES

TIANJIN, 8 MAY 2019

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Smart Mobility Director



AGENDA

1.
**Evolving
ecosystem**

2.
**Momentum in
Europe**

3.
**Policy
challenges**

4.
Conclusions



ACEA MEMBERS

**BMW
GROUP**



DAF

DAIMLER

FCA

FIAT CHRYSLER AUTOMOBILES



HONDA

The Power of Dreams



HYUNDAI

IVECO



PSA
GROUPE

**GROUPE
RENAULT**

TOYOTA

VOLKSWAGEN

AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT

VOLVO



KEY FIGURES ABOUT THE INDUSTRY

13.3 million Europeans work in the automotive sector

3.4 million jobs in automotive manufacturing

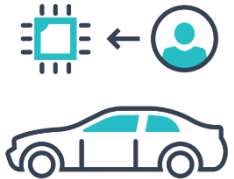
€413 billion in tax revenues (EU15)

€53.8 billion in R&D spending, largest private investor

€90.3 billion positive net trade contribution

1. Evolving ecosystem

DIGITALISATION ► SMART MOBILITY



1. Connected and automated vehicles



2. New mobility solutions



3. Connected transport systems



4. Integrating transport modes

NEW MOBILITY SOLUTIONS

- **Innovative concepts**

- New models of ownership
 - Various car-sharing schemes: eg Car2Go/DriveNow
- On-demand mobility solutions
 - Ride sharing: eg BlaBlaCar and Uber
- Urban logistics concepts



- **Auto manufacturers are evolving**

- From being 'just' producers of motor vehicles to networked mobility service providers



CONNECTED TRANSPORT SYSTEMS

- **Cooperative Intelligent Transport Systems (C-ITS)**

- Networking of intelligent vehicles
 - Vehicles with each other (V2V) – eg emergency braking
 - Vehicles with infrastructure (V2I) – eg speed advice
- Interoperability is key, no mandate on technology
- Testing with pilot projects underway in various member states



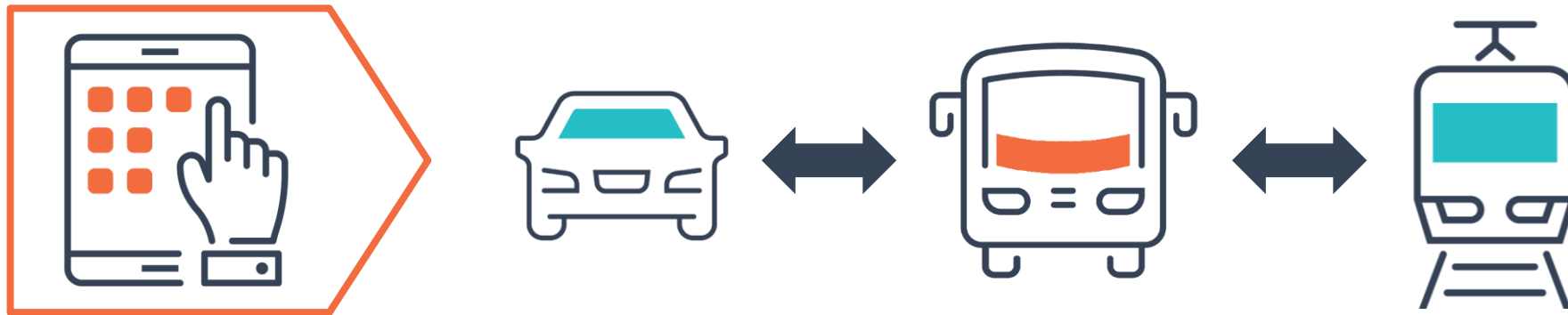
- **Benefits**

- Optimise traffic flows
- Manage parking space
- Improve safety
- Reduce emissions



INTEGRATING TRANSPORT MODES

- **C-ITS enables tailor-made, intermodal solutions**
- **Future mobility**
 - Each transport mode will be complementary, and connected, to the others
 - Co-modality: people switch between modes depending on their needs



- **Privately-owned cars remain main providers of individual mobility**
 - Because of their flexibility, especially for those living outside urban areas

DIFFERENT ENVIRONMENTS, -> DIFFERENT CHALLENGES



AUTOMATED DRIVING : OPPORTUNITIES

Safety

- ✓ Improve support of driver
- ✓ Reduce accidents caused by human errors

PRIORITY

Traffic efficiency

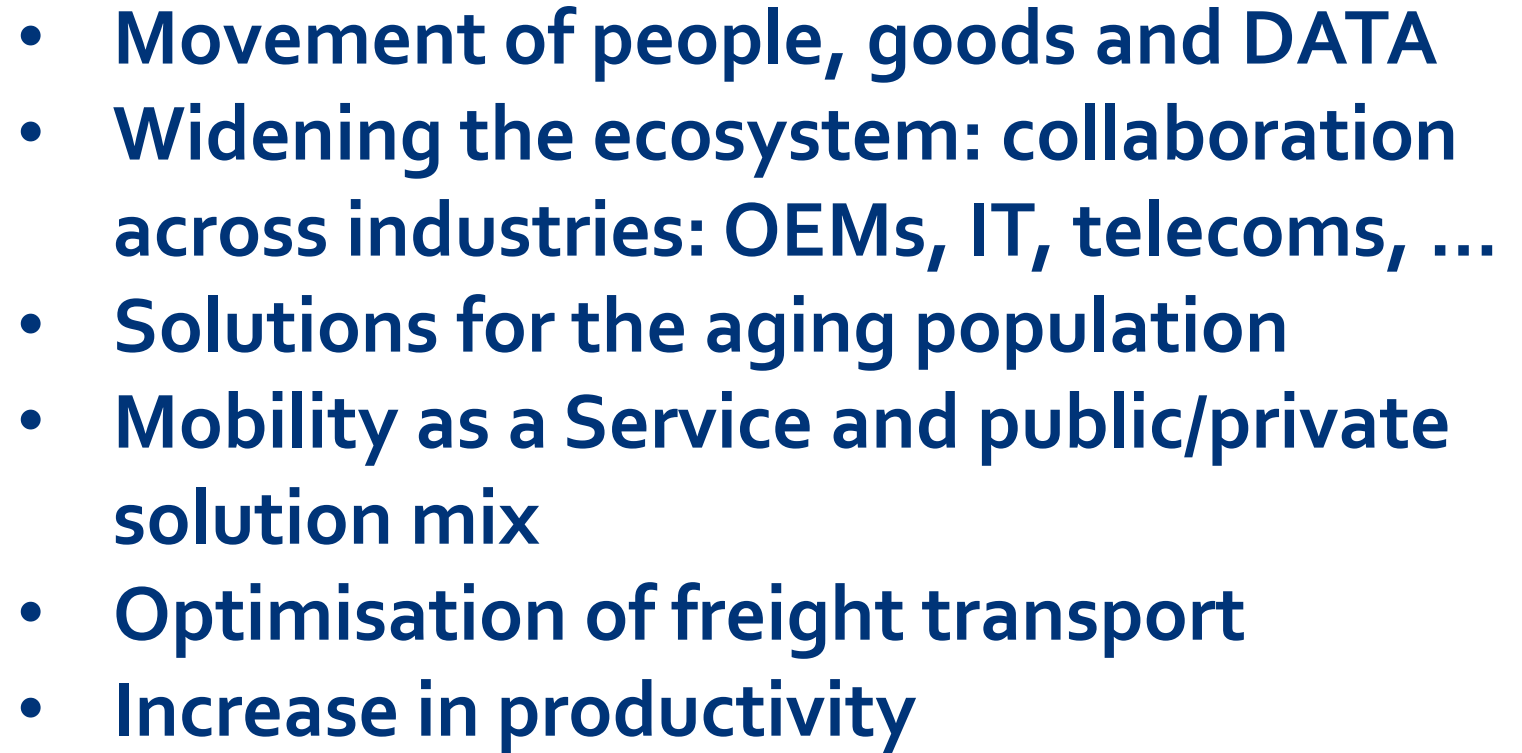
- ✓ Reduced number of crashes
- ✓ Better vehicle throughput
- ✓ Road capacity learning systems

New mobility

- ✓ Shared/on demand mobility
- ✓ Access for aging people
- ✓ Increasing urban customers
- ✓ Multi-modal

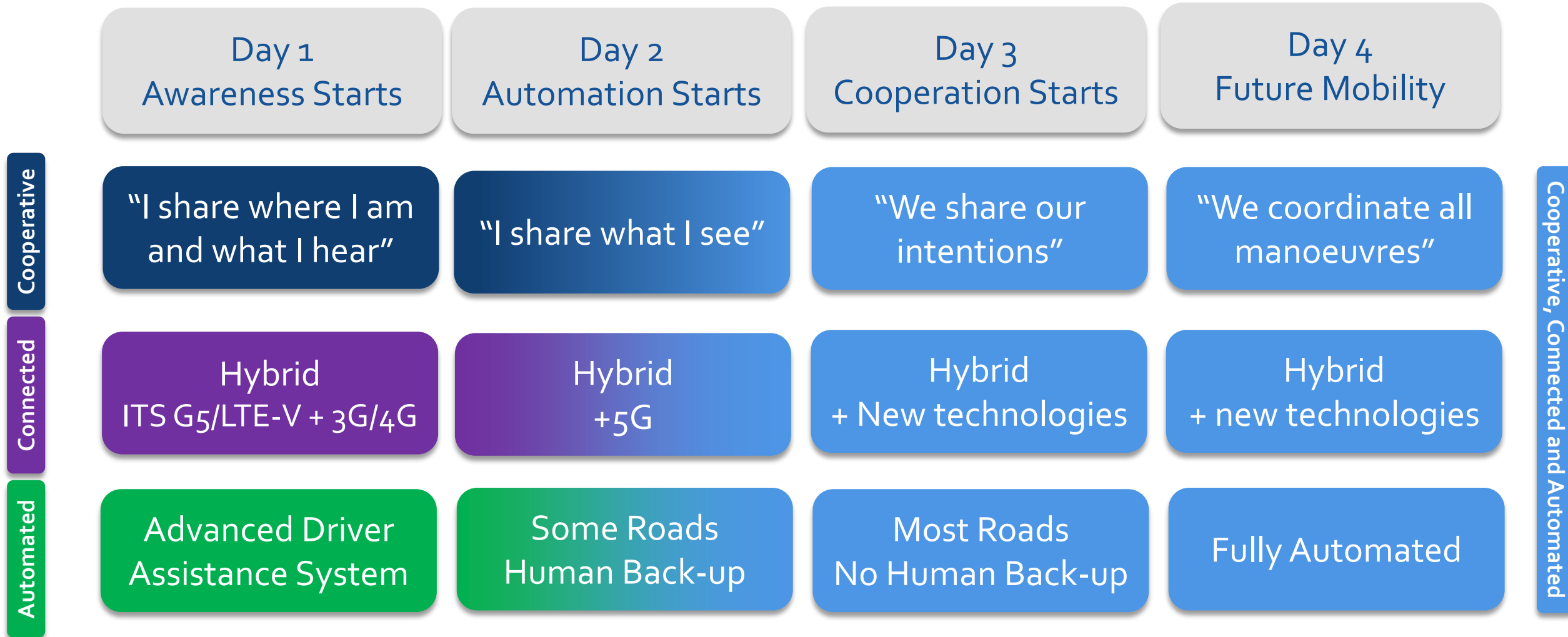
Resources

- ✓ Sustainability: climate and environmental gains
- ✓ Productivity: value of time
- ✓ Differentiated use of land/urban/suburban
- ✓ Upgraded city planning



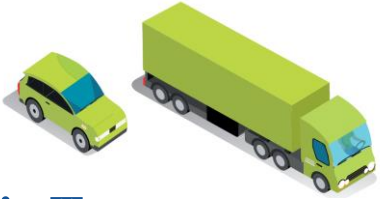
2. Momentum in Europe

STEP BY STEP APPROACH



Source: European Commission

Trucks and Cars



Public Transport



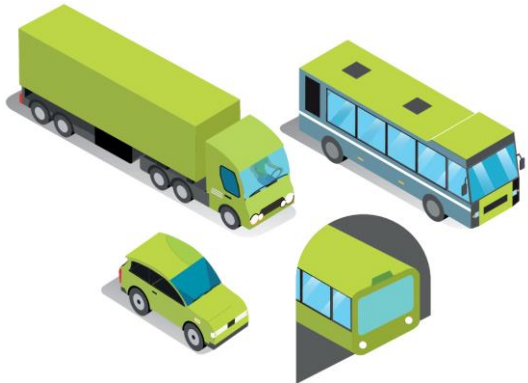
2020

Automated driving on Motorways (e.g. Truck Platooning) and at low speed in cities (e.g. garbage trucks or valet parking)

2030

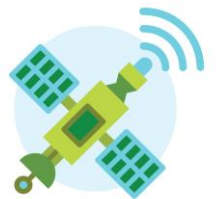
Towards Fully Automated Mobility

All new Vehicles

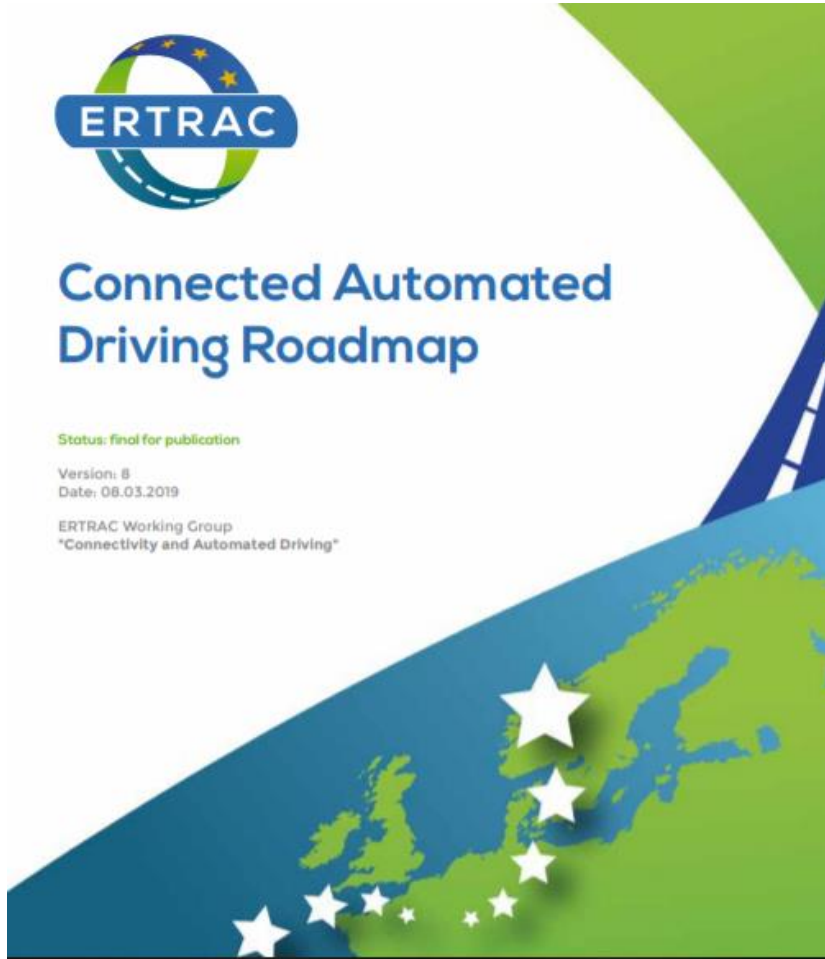


By 2022

- Connected to the Internet
- Many of them able communicate directly with each other and with their environment (from 2019)
- Supported by free services, high precision digital mapping thanks to satellite data from Galileo services (from 2019)



Source: EC Communication “On the road to Automated Mobility: An Eu strategy for the mobility of the future”, May 2018



ERTRAC :

- European Road Transport Research Advisory Council
- European Technology Platform for Road Transport

Roadmap contains:

- Common definitions on ICV
- Development paths
- National and EU initiatives
- Key challenges and objectives

ACEA works on a Roadmap for the Deployment of Higher Levels of Automated Driving

Contains for each SAE level of automation:

- ✓ Timing for AD systems
- ✓ Technical requirements
- ✓ Safety and security requirements
- ✓ Regulatory requirements & policy fora
- ✓ Infrastructure requirements



R&D FUNDING -> PILOTS -> DEPLOYMENT

3 ICT 5G cross-border corridor pilots



- Launched in November 2018, 36 months duration
- Cover 1,000+km highways crossing 8 borders
- Main Corridors: Bologna-Innsbruck-Munich, Metz-Merzig, Porto-Vigo, Evora-Merida
- Pilots of 5G-enabled CAM applications based on multi-vendor , multi-operators domains and open service platform.
- Target Use cases: HD platooning, collaborative manoeuvres, HD maps distribution, Remote driving, see through, infotainment.

Sept 2016: 5G Action plan

<https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/news/communication-5g-europe-action-plan-and-accompanying-staff-working-document>

And many more projects...

Info: <https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/connected-and-automated-mobility-europe>



STRIA roadmap





ACEA

European
Automobile
Manufacturers
Association



2 EXAMPLES



European
Commission

Co-funded by the Horizon 2020
Programme for Research &
Innovation



R&D PROJECT: L3 PILOT

Piloting Automated Driving on European Roads

<https://l3pilot.eu>



ENSEMBLE

R&D PROJECT: ENSEMBLE

Enabling Safe Multi-brand Platooning for Europe

<https://platooningensemble.eu/>







INTEGRATED VALUE CHAIN APPROACH

New Single Platform for open road testing and pre-deployment of cooperative, connected, automated and autonomous mobility




https://ec.europa.eu/transport/modes/road/news/2019-02-26-call-applications-single-platform_en

COOPERATION ACROSS SECTORS

Name	Link		Focus
ERTICO	www.ertico.com		ITS funded projects, public/private
EATA	www.eata.be		Auto/telco/IT sectors European focus Policy & outreach
5GAA	www.5GAA.org		Worldwide focus Technology focus: CV2X/5G for ICV Projects/roll-out
ERTRAC: European Road Transport Research Advisory Council	www.ertrac.org		Transport Research & Innovation Roadmaps on ICV Broad coalition

INTERCONNECTED ECOSYSTEM

Name	Link		Focus
ETPC	www.eutruckplatooning.com		Truck Platooning Policy focus
MaaS Alliance	https://maas-alliance.eu/		Mobility As a Service Promote Maas Public/private

3. Policy challenges

POLICY MAKING AT VARIOUS LEVELS



UN Legislation









EU Legislation





National
Legislation

AUTOMATICALLY COMMANDED STEERING FUNCTIONS (ACSF), BRAKING FUNCTIONS AND AEBS

-  Framework Reg. on AV – New Regulation
-  ACSF – R79 or New Regulation
-  AEBS – New Regulation
-  Braking – R13, R13H
-  Driver Monitoring – New Regulation
-  Minimum risk Manoeuvre – New Regulation



CYBERSECURITY

-  CSMS – New Regulation
-  Cybersecurity for CAD – New delegated regulation

SOFTWARE UPDATE

-  Software OTA Update – New Regulation




LIABILITY AND ACCIDENT RECOGNITION

-  DSSAD – New Regulation (WPA 29 Informal group)
-  EDR – New delegated regulation


MUTUAL RECOGNITION

-  Art. 20 Exemption Procedure guidelines





DRIVER

-  HMI – To include Drowsiness/Driver Sentinel – New Reg
-  Driving Licences – Directive 2006/126/EC
-  HMI Guidelines – New guidelines

TRAFFIC RULES

-  Revision of the Geneva and Vienna Conventions
-  Revision of all national road traffic regulations



ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE

-  Road Infrastructure Safety Management (RISM) Revision
-  Road Signs – Regulation (EC) 1071/2009
-  Law Enforcement recognition – New regulation
-  Road Signs – National Laws on road signing to be updated

ROAD WORTHINESS

-  Periodical Technical Inspection – 97 Agreement

SOCIETAL LEGISLATION

-  Driving time - Regulation (EC) No 561/2006
-  Tachograph - Regulation (EU) N° 165/2014



- **Requires global approach**

- Opportunity comes with risks
- One of these is the threat of a direct cyberattack on vehicles or a whole vehicle fleet

- **ACEA's 6 key cybersecurity principles**

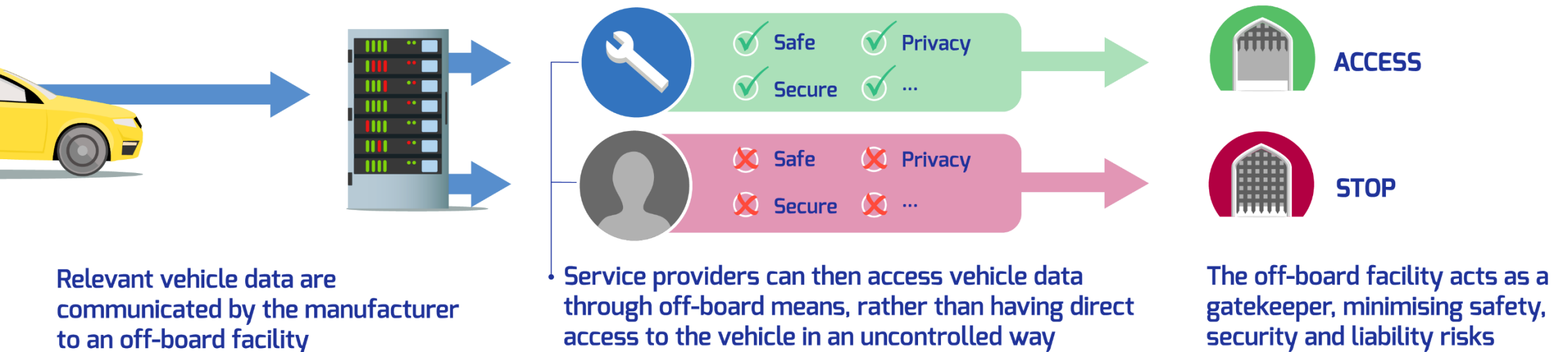
Protection of connected and automated vehicles against cyber threats

1. Cultivating a cybersecurity culture
2. Adopting a cybersecurity life cycle for vehicle development
3. Assessing security functions through testing phases: self-auditing & testing
4. Managing a security update policy
5. Providing incident response and recovery
6. Improving information sharing amongst industry actors

- **Full document :** <https://www.acea.be/publications/article/acea-principles-of-automobile-cybersecurity>

ACCESS TO VEHICLE GENERATED DATA

- Priority is to safeguard vehicle integrity: 1) safety 2) security 3) liability
- Giving third-party services direct access would facilitate hacker attacks (more entry points) and pose safety risks (eg driver distraction)
- Off-board access is the safest and most secure way to share vehicle data
- ACEA's position: Extended Vehicle : <http://cardatafacts.eu>



COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES

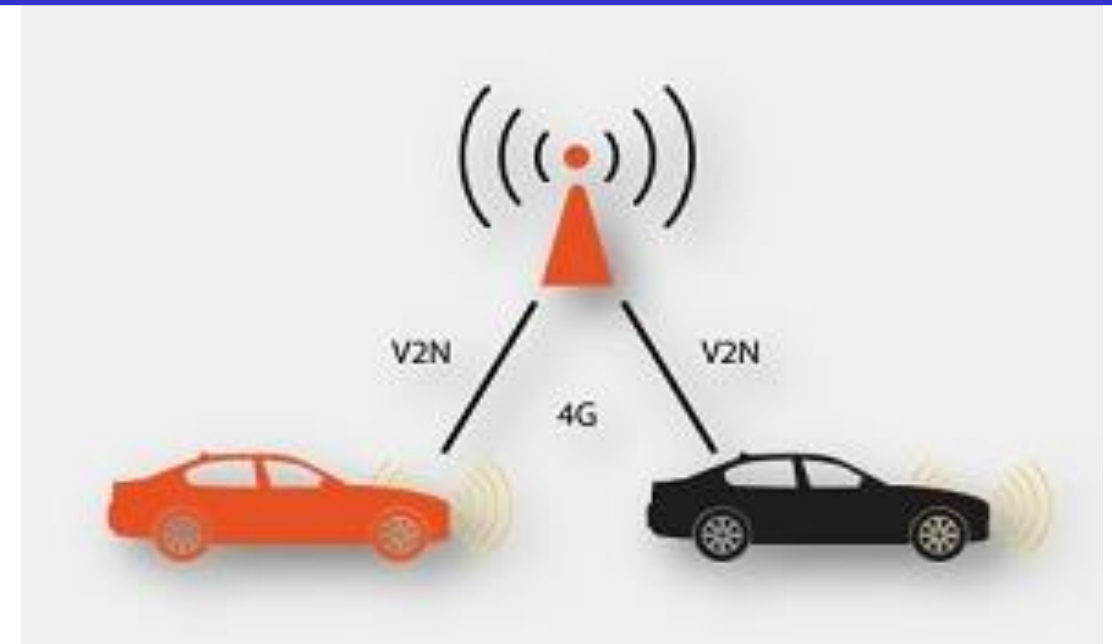
Short range: direct communication device to device

- ITS G5 : uses WIFI as connectivity layer
- LTE-V (CV2X): uses a cellular network as connectivity layer (but is not a mobile communication like 4G)
- 5,9 GHz band



Long range: base stations, network management, operator in between

- 3G/4G
- 5G



HIGHER LEVELS OF AUTOMATION



- Type approval & certification
- Active and passive safety
- Testing on open roads
- Cyber security
- AI/self-learning systems



- Vienna and Geneva conventions (traffic rules)
- Liability rules & insurance
- Data protection
- Machine generated flows



- Social acceptance
- Driver education
- Co-existence non-automated and automated
- Ethical questions

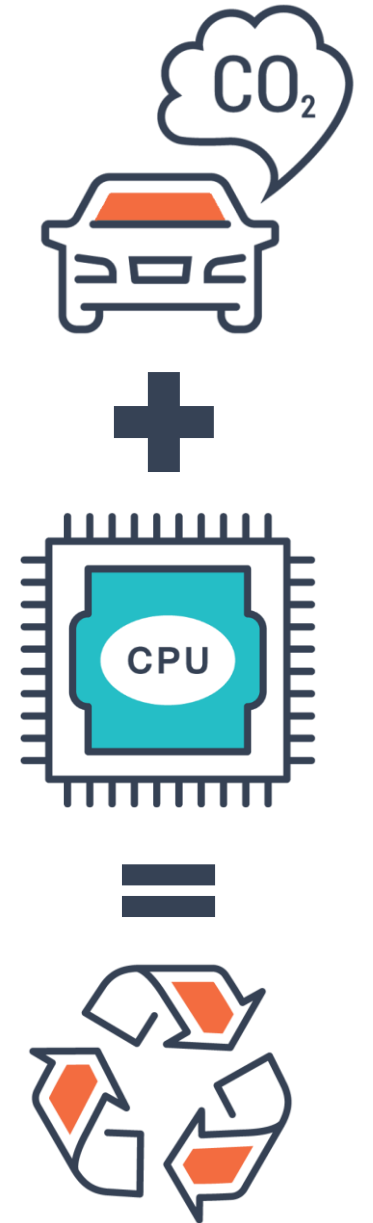


- Traffic management
- Update physical infrastructure
- Update digital infrastructure
- ODD

4. Conclusions

FUTURE OF MOBILITY

- **The future of mobility is being shaped by:**
 - Decarbonisation
 - Alternatively-powered vehicles
 - Digitalisation
 - Connected and automated vehicles
 - New mobility solutions
 - Connected transport systems
 - Integrating transport modes
- **Cleaner, safer and smarter mobility eco-system**



EU FRAMEWORK



- Synchronisation of policy frameworks ongoing
- Testing, piloting, dialogue with infrastructure operators, telecoms and IT, suppliers, cities, users ongoing
- Focus on safety, trust, social acceptance of ICV

INTERNATIONAL FRAMEWORK

- **UN-ECE GRVA**

- Define global road map
- Define the right policy level (global or regional) to implement the road map
- Coordinate other working parties on amendments related to automated driving



- **Multi-pillar approach for the certification process**

- Pillar 1: Audit/assessment
- Pillar 2: Physical certification tests
- Pillar 3: Real test drive

感謝您的關注 ！



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